

# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

 Code:
 Cinnamon\_c\_02

 Product name
 Cinnamon\_c\_02

 UFI
 CC00-Y0AD-700P-9KP1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use synthetic fragrance

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name CARTAI BASSANESI S.p.A. Full address Via Santa Caterina, 258
District and Country 31011 ASOLO (TV)

Italia

tel. 0423 541600

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet cartai@cartaibassanesi.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to NHS in England: 111

NHS in Scotland: 111

NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647

In an emergency, if the patient has collapsed or is not breathing properly, call 999

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Acute toxicity, category 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin. Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1A H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3



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### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Warning Signal words:

Hazard statements:

H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation. H315

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P280

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.

Wash . . . thoroughly after handling. P264

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Contains: Eucalyptus oil

isoeugenol

Cinnamic aldehyde

eugenol

Cinnamyl alcohol

LINALOOL

**BETA-CARYOPHYLLENE** 

2-propenoic acid, 3-phenyl-,phenylmethyl ester

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**



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#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Cinnamic aldehyde

EC 203-213-9

INDEX -

CAS 104-55-2  $70 \le x < 74$ Acute Tox. 4 H312, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg

REACH Reg. 01-2119935242-45

eugenol

CAS 97-53-0  $15 \le x < 16.5$ Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1B H317

EC 202-589-1 INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119971802-33

Cinnamyl alcohol

CAS 104-54-1  $3 \le x < 3.5$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens, 1B H317

EC 203-212-3 LD50 Oral: 2000 mg/kg

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REACH Reg. 01-2119934496-29

ethyl maltol

CAS 4940-11-8  $3 \le x < 3.5$ Acute Tox. 4 H302 EC 225-582-5 LD50 Oral: 1150 mg/kg

INDEX -

**Eucalyptus oil** 

CAS 8000-48-4 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317,  $1 \le x < 1.5$ 

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 EC 283-406-2

INDEX -

2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-

methylphenol

CAS 128-37-0  $1 \le x < 1.5$ Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 204-881-4

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2119565113-46

isoeugenol

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CAS 97-54-1  $1 \le x < 1.5$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1A H317

LD50 Oral: 1770 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation

EC 202-590-7 mists/powders: 1.5 mg/l, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

REACH Reg. 01-2120223682-61

LINALOOL

CAS 78-70-6 1 ≤ x < 1.5 Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1B H317

EC 201-134-4



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### **BETA-CARYOPHYLLENE**

CAS 87-44-5

 $1 \le x < 1.5$ 

Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Sens. 1B H317

EC 201-746-1

INDEX -

2-propenoic acid, 3-phenyl-

phenylmethyl ester CAS 103-41-3

 $0.25 \le x < 0.3$ 

Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

EC 203-109-3

INDEX -

REACH Reg. 01-2120105065-72

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

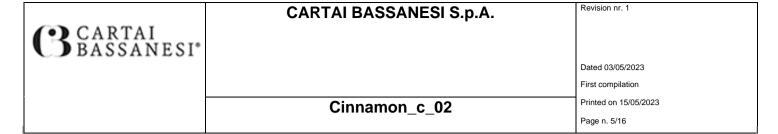
The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION



Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters



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Information not available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

### EYE PROTECTION

Odour threshold

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

## ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

### **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	Yellow to orange	
Odour	spicy	

Not determined



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Method:Grabner miniflash closed cup

Temperature: 20 °C

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Melting point / freezing point

Initial boiling point

Not determined

Not determined

Flammability

not applicable

Lower explosive limit

Not determined

Upper explosive limit

Not determined

Flash point 107 °C

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined pH Not determined

PH Not determined
Kinematic viscosity Not available
Solubility not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable

Vapour pressure 0.0485 hPa Concentration: 100 % Temperature: 20 °C

Density and/or relative density
Relative vapour density
Not available
Particle characteristics
Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

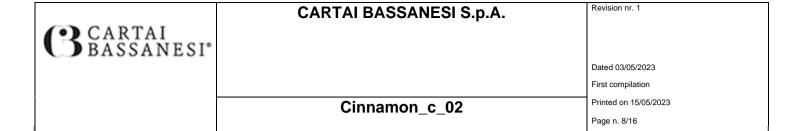
The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available



### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

enects of exposure to the product.
11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

## **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: 0.0 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: 1456.95 mg/kg

Cinnamic aldehyde



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STA (Dermal):

1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 2220 mg/kg

eugenol

LD50 (Oral): 2130 mg/kg

Cinnamyl alcohol

LD50 (Oral): 2000 mg/kg

ethyl maltol

LD50 (Oral): 1150 mg/kg

Eucalyptus oil

LD50 (Oral): 4440 mg/kg

2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenol

LD50 (Dermal): 5000 mg/kg

isoeugenol

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 1770 mg/kg

2-propenoic acid, 3-phenyl-,phenylmethyl ester

LD50 (Oral): 3760 mg/kg

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION



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First compilation Printed on 15/05/2023 Cinnamon\_c\_02 Page n. 10/16 Sensitising for the skin Respiratory sensitization Information not available Skin sensitization Information not available GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class CARCINOGENICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility Information not available Adverse effects on development of the offspring Information not available Effects on or via lactation



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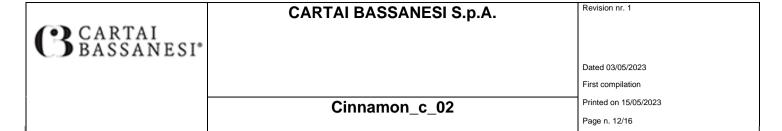
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		ű		
Information not available				
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE				
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class				
Target organs				
Information not available				
Route of exposure				
Information not available				
STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE				
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class				
Target organs				
Information not available				
Route of exposure				
Information not available				
ASPIRATION HAZARD				
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class				
11.2. Information on other hazards				

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with



human health effects under evaluation.

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment. 12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Information not available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# **SECTION 14. Transport information**



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The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.
14.1. UN number or ID number
Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name
Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
Not applicable
14.4. Packing group
Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards
Not applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user
Not applicable
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Information not relevant
SECTION 15. Regulatory information
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture



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Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2



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Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY



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- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP) 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP) 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.